

INTERPRETATION

Recommended changes to Interpretation Chapter shown as a result of the Energy and Infrastructure S42A Report
KEY

Red Underlined – Additions recommended as part of s42A Report

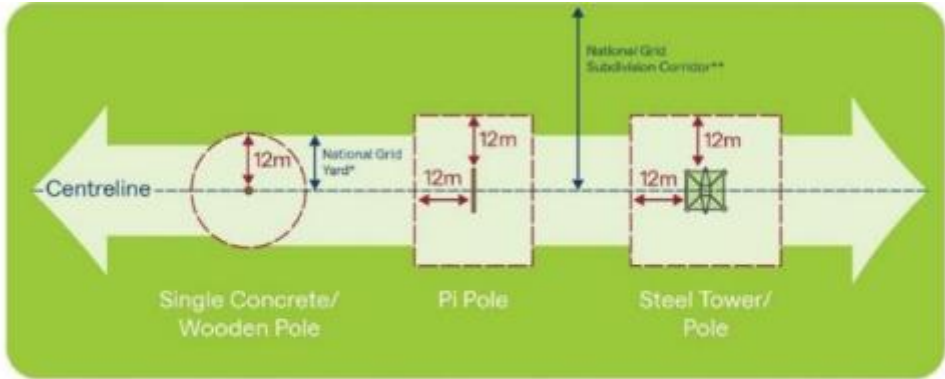
~~Red Strikethrough~~ – Deletions recommended as part of s42A Report

Green Underlined – Recommended Additions from Supplementary Evidence

~~Green Strikethrough~~ – Recommended Deletions from Supplementary Evidence

Definitions

C		
	Critical Infrastructure	means those necessary facilities, services, and installations which are critical or of significance to either New Zealand, Southland, or Gore. This may include but is not limited to: • strategic ~~land~~-transport network <u>including the State Highway network and arterial roads</u>; • <u>rail network activities within the</u> rail corridor; • telecommunication <u>(as defined within the Telecommunications Act 2001)</u> facilities; • national, regional and local <i>renewable electricity generation activities</i> of any scale; • the electricity transmission network (the <i>National Grid</i>); • <i>sewage</i> collection, treatment and disposal networks; • community <i>land</i> drainage <i>infrastructure</i>; • community potable water systems; • established community-scale irrigation and stock water <i>infrastructure</i>; transport hubs and bulk fuel supply <i>infrastructure</i> including terminals and pipelines.

N		
	National Grid	Means the network that transmits high-voltage electricity in New Zealand and that, ~~at the commencement of these regulations~~, is owned, used or operated by Transpower New Zealand Limited, including— (a) <i>transmission lines</i>; and (b) electricity substations
	National Grid Yard	The area located (as illustrated below): (a) 12 metres in any direction from the outside edge of a <i>National Grid</i> support structure foundation; ~~(b) 12 metres from the boundary of a <i>National Grid</i> substation;~~ (c) 10 metres either side of the centreline of an overhead ~~110~~100kV <i>National Grid</i> transmission line on poles (d) 12 metres either side of the centreline of any other overhead <i>National Grid</i> transmission line. The <i>National Grid</i> Yard excludes <i>transmission lines</i> that are designated in the District Plan.  * National Grid Yard: 10m for single concrete/wooden pole lines, 12m for all other line types ** National Grid Subdivision Corridor: 14m, 32m, 37m or 39m depending on line voltage
	network utilities	~~means any activity relating to any or all of the following:~~ ~~(a) distribution or transmission of natural or manufactured gas petroleum or geothermal energy by pipeline;~~ ~~(b) telecommunications or radio communications;~~ ~~(c) transformation, transmission, or distribution of electricity;~~ ~~(d) transmission and distribution of water, (whether treated or untreated), for supply including irrigation;~~ ~~(e) stormwater drainage or sewerage reticulation systems;~~

		~~(f) — rail corridor, tramways and roads;~~ ~~(g) — airports as defined by the Airport Authorities Act 1966, including the provision of any approach control service within the meaning of the Civil Aviation Act 1990;~~ ~~(h) — lighthouse, navigation aids and beacons;~~ ~~(i) — meteorological services;~~ ~~(j) — a project or work described as a <i>network utility</i> operation by regulations made under the Resource Management Act 1991.~~ ~~Includes:~~ ~~(a) — all <i>structures</i> necessary for operation; and~~ ~~(b) — the operation and maintenance of the network.~~ <u>Network Utilities shall mean any activities undertaken by a “network utility operator” as set out in section 166 of the Resource Management Act 1991, and this plan.</u>
R		
	renewable electricity generation activities - large scale	Means electricity generation activities utilising renewable energy sources with a capacity of 20kW or greater for the purpose of exporting electricity directly into the distribution network or <i>National Grid</i> . It includes all ancillary components, <u>structures</u> and activities such as substations, climate/environmental monitoring equipment, <i>earthworks</i> , roading, maintenance <i>buildings</i> , temporary concrete batching plants, internal transmission and fibre networks, <i>vegetation clearance</i> , and <i>site</i> rehabilitation works.
	<u>Renewable electricity generation</u>	<u>means generation of electricity from solar, wind, hydroelectricity, geothermal and biomass.</u>