INTERPRETATION

…

Definitions

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L		
	land transport infrastructure	means any *infrastructure*, *building*, equipment or devices that support the movement of people and goods by *land*, including: (a) Cycle facilities including cycleways, cycle parking, cycle hire stations and cycle maintenance stands; (b) *Pedestrian* facilities and accessways, including *footpaths*, footways and foot bridges; (c) Railway tracks, bridges, culverts, erosion protection structures, defences against water tunnels, signalling, *access* tracks and facilities; (d) *Roads* including *carriageways*, pavements, bridges, tunnels, retaining walls, underpasses, overpasses, verge and berms, culverts, erosion protection structures, defences against water; (e) Lighting, signals, *official signs* and control *structures* and devices associated with intelligent transport systems including vehicle detection systems (electronic vehicle identification and infra-red vehicle occupancy counters), incident detection, emergency telephones, cables and ducting; (f) Safety devices including handrails, bollards, cameras, *road* markings, rumble strips, barriers, *fences*, speed tables and speed cushions and traffic separators raised safety platforms, turnaround bays, intersection speed zones, and skid resistance; (g) Other traffic control devices including traffic islands, level crossings, *pedestrian* crossings, roundabouts and intersection controls, traffic and cycle; (h) monitoring devices; (i) Parking control devices; (j) *Site access* including *vehicle crossings*; (k) Street and rail furniture, artworks, passenger shelters and ticketing and tolling facilities; (l) Ancillary equipment and *structures* associated with public transport systems including seats, shelters, real time information systems and ticketing facilities, bicycle storage and cabinets; ~~(m) *Stormwater* management facilities, ventilation *structures*, drainage devices and erosion control devices; and~~ (n) Equipment, *structures* and *infrastructure* associated with charging of electric vehicles.
M		

	movement lane	Means that part of the formed and sealed *road* that serves the link function in a *road*. It may have a shared use for other activities such as walking, cycling, and parking ~~and play~~.
S		
	street furniture	Means equipment within the *footpath* such as signal poles, lighting columns, *signs*, parking meters, seats, benches, bollards, drinking fountains, rubbish and recycling bins, cycle parking and landscaping ~~etc.~~
T		
	transit corridors	Means *transit corridors* that provide for the fast and efficient long-distance movement of people and goods within the urban realm. This includes motorways and urban expressways. By definition all dedicated, high movement and mode specific transport corridors such as ~~heavy~~ rail networks and busways are included in this classification.
	transport network	Means any transport route that support the movement of people and goods and includes trains, motorised vehicles, non-motorised modes of transport, ~~and~~ pedestrians and cyclists.
V		
	vehicle movement	Has the same meaning as *movement*.